



## Where in the World?

What have I learnt?



There are 7 continents in the world:  
(from largest to smallest)

**Asia, Africa, North and South America, Antarctica, Europe and finally Australia**

There are 5 oceans in the world: (from largest to smallest)

**Pacific, Atlantic, Indian, Southern and Arctic.**



Maps or globes are used to locate continents and oceans and to identify the human and physical features too. Maps use a key to display these features across countries and continents.



We have studied Japan, which is a country in Asia. Tokyo is the capital city of Japan. Tokyo is the most populous city. Sushi and noodles are popular foods in Japan. They use Yen as their currency. Mount Fuji is the tallest mountain there. There are sometimes earthquakes in Japan.

### Glossary of vocabulary:



**Country:** A region or regions of land



**Continent:** An area of the world that contains countries



**Ocean:** A large expanse of sea. The sea is divided into 5 oceans



**Population:** The number of people living in one country



map

**Key:** Symbols used to represent the human and physical features found on the map



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**Physical features:** Naturally forming parts of the world like Oceans, lakes and rivers and hills, valleys and volcanoes.



**Mountain:** A large build-up of the Earth's surface that is steep and a tall hill.



**River:** A large stream of water flowing into the sea, lake or other river.



**Valley:** A large area between two hilly areas

**Human features:** Things built by humans, such as roads, buildings and bridges.



**City:** A large and important town with a bigger population of people.



**Town:** A built up area, where people have settled. Towns are larger than villages.



**House:** A building for humans to live in